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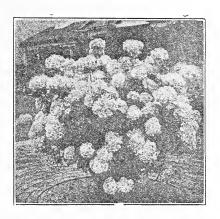


MAR 8 1923

# PROSSER NURSERIES

P. E. NICKERSON, nurseryman

Condensed Catalogue and Price List SPRING of 1923



TREES, PLANTS, SEEDS

PROSSER - - WASHINGTON



E take pleasure in presenting to our friends and patrons our catalogue of Fruit, Shade and ornamental trees, shrubs,

roses, bulbs, vines, peonies, flower seeds and garden plants for spring 1923.

In the growing of our stocks we exercise every possible means to keep our stocks pure and true to name as well as producing trees and plants of the highest quality.

The varieties of Fruits listed herein are the best for the Northwest, and our aim is to furnish our customers with the best in our line.



# PROSSER NURSERIES

P. E. NICKERSON,

Prosser, Wash.

# HOW TO BE SUCCESSFUL WITH TREES AND PLANTS

When your order of nursery stock arrives, unpack at once and wet the roots good. Then dig a hole where the ground is moist, but well drained, and heel the trees in, or in other words plant the bundles temporarily until you are ready to plant permanently.

Don't expose the roots to the air any longer than is absolutely necessary. Dig the holes large enough to permit the roots to grow without crowding. Prune off any broken or bruised roots and cut back the ends of the roots until you have fresh ends. These ends callous readily and start little roots.

Set your tree about two inches deeper than the crook, or where the tree has been budded. Be sure to spread the roots out in different directions, having the heaviest roots on the side from whence the prevailing winds come, and lean the top a little in the same direction. Do not get any manure against the roots. Shovel in some dirt very easily until you have the roots covered, then pour in a pail or about three gallons of water. Then a little more dirt and let the water and dirt settle for awhile around the roots.

When the water has all soaked in finish filling up the hole, tramping around the roots.

Take a pair of shears or a good shaped knife and cut the tree back one-third. If the tree has branches, cut them back in the same way.

If you haven't sufficient rain to provide moisture, the trees should be watered every two or three weeks and after the ground has become dry enough to cultivate, the dirt should be loosened up to prevent the ground from baking.

Pruning: To prune fruit trees, select a limb as the center of the tree as possible. Cut this limb back one-third or one-half of the previous year's growth. I prefer the latter distance as I believe in heavy pruning. Cut back the other limbs in the same manner, thinning out branches that are too thick or those that overlap other limbs.

Almost all trees and rose-bushes and some shrubs should be cut back when transplanting, as the roots have been reduced when being dug. The tops should be cut back to match the roots. Don't be afraid to cut them back: it makes them grow faster, and they are more sure to live.

Do not allow livestock to associate with your young trees; it spells disaster.

#### Number of Trees on an Acre

Distance apart.	Square Method	Triangular Method
1 foot apart each way	43,560	50,300
2 feet apart each way	10,890	12,575
4 feet apart each way	2,722	3,143
6 feet apart each way	1,210	1,397
9 feet apart each way	537	620
10 feet apart each way	435	502
15 feet apart each way	193	223
16 feet apart each way	170	196
20 feet apart each way	108	125
25 feet apart each way	70	81
30 feet apart each way	48	55
40 feet apart each way	27	31

#### FOR YOUR INFORMATION

General Price List of Nursery Stock for Spring, 1923

This nursery was established in 1906. When you trust your nursery stock order with me, I feel that I am honored, and it is my aim and ambition to see personally, that you get the proper goods you send for. As we have no agents, our business is done by mail or by your personal visit to the nurseries, one of which lays in the city limits of Prosser, county seat of Benton county, and you are always welcome.

Trees and plants are packed and delivered to the Trees and plants are packed and delivered to the carrying companies in good condition, when our responsibility ceases. The purchaser pays the freight, express and parcel post charges. In the latter case the buyer should send enough money to pay the postage. As this class of goods is perishable, we advise shipment by express unless your order calls for several hundred trees.

Transportation charges should accompany order contents of the process of the p

for prepay stations.

Persons ordering goods should give complete shipping instructions. In the absence of these instructions, we will forward the shipment according to our best judgment. A certificate of inspection

structions, we will forward the singular according to our best judgment. A certificate of inspection will be attached to each shipment.

Please write your name and the town or station that you want your order shipped to very p.ainly. This will help to prevent mistakes on our part or on

the part of the transportation companies.

Terms are strictly cash with order, unless terms for credit have been previously arranged. No vegetable plants will be sent C. O. D.

Order early while our stocks are complete. We can give better satisfaction, as nursery stock is very We

scarce.

scarce.
Five trees or plants of a kind at the 10 rate;
50 at the 100 rate, and 6 at the dozen rate. For in-stance, 2 Red June, 3 Yellow Transparent Apple would take the 10 rate. But 2 Red June Apple and 3 Elberta Peach must take the single apple and peach rate.

# FRUIT TREE DIVISION Price of Apple Trees

5 to 6 foot	00 .00 .00
Summer Varieties — Yellow Transparent, Liveland Raspberry, Red June, Duchess of Oldenberg.	
Fall Varieties—Gravenstein, Weal- thy, Jefrries, Maiden's Blush.	
Winter Varieties — Delicious, Jonathan, Arkansas Black, McIntosh Red, Go.den Russett, E. Spitzenberg, Wismer's Dessert, Yellow Newtown, Yellow Belleflower, Grimes Golden, Rome Beauty, Winesap, White Winter Pearmain, Winter Banana.	
CRAB APPLE TREES	
Same price as apple trees.  Transcendent — Yellow with red stripe. Hyslop—Dark red.	
CHERRY TREES Each 10	100
3 to 4 feet	.00 .00 .00
Sweet Varieties—Bing, Black Tartarian, Lambert, Royal Ann.	
Sour Varieties — Early Richmond, May Duke, Late Duke, Large Montmorency.	
PEAR TREES	
	100
5 to 6 foot.       .75       7.50         4 to 6 foot.       .60       5.50       4E         3 to 4 foot.       .50       4.50       3E	.00
5 to 6 foot	.00
5 to 6 foot	.00

Page Four

Early Varieties—Hale's Early (white and red), Arp Beauty, Slappy (yellow and red, Early Crawford.

Later Varieties — Elberta, Muir or Malta, Lemon Cling, Indian Cling (white and red), Salway.

### PROSSER NURSERIES

APRICOT TREES	
Each 10	100
5 to 6 foot.       .75 6.50         4 to 6 foot.       .60 5.00         3 to 4 foot.       .50 4.00	45.00
Varieties-Moorpark, Royal, Blenheim.	
PLUM TREES Each 10	100
6 to 8 foot	$\frac{45.00}{35.00}$
American Varieties—Bradshaw, Blue Damson, Green Gage, Peach Plum.	
Japanese Varieties—Abundance, Burbank, Satsuma, Wickson.	
PRUNE TREES Each 10	100
6 to 8 foot	
4 to 6 foot	$35.00 \\ 25.00$
Varieties—Ita'ian, Tragedy, Petite or French, Silver, Hungarian.	
QUINCE TREES	
Two and three year old—	
4 to 6 foot	
NECTARINE TREES	
A delicious fruit that should be found in every home orchard	
Each 10 4 to 6 foot60 5.00 3 to 4 foot50 4.00	100
Varieties — Boston, large, ye'low, red blush; Humboldt, large, deep yellow.	
NUT TREES	
Each 10 Almond—4 to 6 foot	
American Black Walnut—	
6 to 8 foot	
4 to 6 foot	
American Sweet Chestnut— 4 to 6 foot	
English or French Walnut-	
Franquette Seedlings—3 to	
4 foot	
Butternut—4 to 5 foot 1.00 9.00	
Filberts or large Hazelnuts—	
2 to 3 foot, in varieties Du Chilly and Barcelona	

## PROSSER NURSERIES

GRAPE VINES	10	100
Strong plantsEach	1.50	12.00
We can furnish Concord Grapes		
at		10.00
American Varieties—Concord, black; Worden, black; Moore's Early, black; Niagara, white; Agawam,		
red, large.  European Varieties—Thompson Seed- less, white; Muscat, white; Black Hamburg, black; Flame Tokay, red.		
GOOSEBERRIES Each	10	100
Strong plants	2.00	12.00
CURRANTS		
Strong plants	2.00	12.00
RASPBERRIES		
Each Strong plants	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 1.00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 8.00 \end{array}$
St. Regis (red everbearing), Cum- berland (Blackcap), Plum Far- mer (Blackcap).		
BLACKBERRIES Fach	10	100
Strong plants	1.00	8.00
DEWBERRIES		
Strong plants	1.00	8.00
LOGANBERRIES		
Each Transplanted 2 year plants25	$\begin{smallmatrix}10\\2.00\end{smallmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 15.00 \end{array}$
STRAWBERRIES		
Our strawberry plants are large and w with heavy root system, and are dug a as ordered.	ell g nd sl	rown, hipped
Doz. Progressive (everbearing) will bear	100	1000
from six to eight weeks after planting	2.00	15.00
ASPARAGUS		
	100 1.50	1000 12.00
DHIIDADD		
RHUBARB Each Victoria—strong root divisions	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 1.20 \end{array}$	

# Shade and Ornamental Trees



OUR shade and ornamental trees are first class, well shaped,

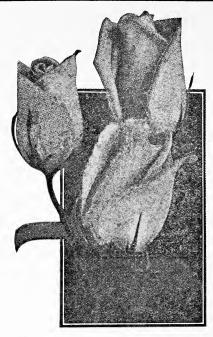
young and vigorous nursery grown trees, with good roots and tops. The 7 to 8 foot and 8 to 10 foot trees are quite heavy and of good value.

	Each	10
Ash, American White— 7 to 8 feet	.75	6.50
Ash, European Mountain— 7 to 8 feet	1.25	11.00
Birch, Cut Leaf Weeping, white— 7 to 8 feet	2.00	
Catalpa, Bungei (umbrella type)— 7 to 8 feet	3.00	
Chestnut, American Sweet— (See Nut Trees)		
Elm, American—7 to 8 feet		
Elm, American—8 to 10 feet		13.50
Elm, Cork Barked—7 to 8 feet	1.50	
Hawthorne, Paul's Scarlet-	1 00	
4to 5 feet	1.00	
Horse Chestnut, white flowering— 4 to 5 feet	1.25	11.00
Kentucky Coffee Tree— Leaves resemble those of Walnut only much larger—5 to 6 feet		
Linden, American (large leaves)—	1.00	
5 to 6 feet	.75	6.50
Linden, European- 7to 8 feet	1.50	13.50
Locust, black or common-7 to 8 ft.	.75	6.50
Locust, black or common-8 to 10 ft.	1.00	9.00
Maple, Norway-7 to 8 feet	1.00	9.00
Maple, Norway-8 to 10 feet	1.50	13.50
Maple, hard or sugar-7 to 8 feet	1.50	13.50
Maple, soft or Silver7 to 8 feet	1.00	9.00
Maple, soft or Silver-8 to 10 feet	1.25	11.00
Mulberry, Russian-4 to 5 feet	.75	6.50
Poplar, Carolina-7 to 8 feet	.75	6.50
Poplar, Carolina-8 to 10 feet	1.00	9.00
Pea Tree (Caragana Arborescens)—		
4 to 5 feet	.75	
Sycamore, American-7 to 8 feet	1.00	
Sycamore, American—8 to 10 feet	1.50	13.50
Walnut (See Nut Trees)		

# Decidious Shrubs

Our shrubs are from two to three years old and are stocky, well-branched stock with good roots, and are of good value for the price. A yard without shrubbery is like a house without furnishings.

	Each	Doz
Barberry, Purple—3 to 4 feet Barberry, Japanese—2 to 3 feet Deutzia Lemo <sup>n</sup> ii, Dwarf—1½ to 2 ft Hydrangea, P. G.—3 to 4 feet Calycanthus—2 to 3 feet Forsythia Fortunii—3 to 4 feet Golden Hop Tree—3 to 4 feet	.50 .50 1.00 .75 .75	5.00 5.00 5.00 10.00
Strawberry Tree, or Burning Bush-		
4 to 5 feet	1.00 .75	7.50
Japan Scarlet Flowering Quince-		
2 to 3 feet	.50 .75 .75 .50	5.00 7.50 7.50 5.00
Spirea Douglasii-Pink flowers-		
2 to 3 feet	.50 .50	$\frac{5.00}{5.00}$
Deutzia, Pride of Rochester— 2 to 3 feet	.35	3.50
Snowberry, large white berries-		
2 to 3 feetSyringea, mock orange—2 to 3 feet	.35 .35	$\frac{3.50}{3.50}$
High Bush Cranberry—Flowers like Snowball; red berries in autumn—	• -	
3 to 4 feet	.75 .75 .75	7.50 $7.50$ $7.50$
Lilac — President Grevey, double,—blue—2 to 3 feet		10.00
Lilac, Marie Le Gray, double white— 2to 3 feet		10.00
Lilac, Ludwig Speath, lavendar— 2 to 3 feet	1.00	10.00
Buddleya (Butterfly Bush or Summer Lilac). This is really a hardy perennial plant, the tops dying back in winter. Has lilac-like flowers all summer .ong and attracts butterflies, hence the name.		



CHOICE FIELD - GROWN ROSES

On their own roots, two-year-old fieldgrown plants that will bloom abundantly from June until frost the first season they are planted.

They are True to name from the very ends of the roots to the ends of the branches. You will not be troubled with suckers springing up from the wild roots as the budded plants often do. In winter when the tops freeze back, the own-root rose bush sprouts up just as nice as it was before instead of a wild brier.

Tea roses really should be mulched in the fall with straw or something to protect them. With proper care they will attain a perfection seldom equalled. You cannot expect roses to do well unless you keep the weeds and grass away and stir the ground occasionally.

In planting, if you use manure, be carefull and not get against the roots.  $_{
m It}$ liable to burn them unless it is very well rotted.

Price of Roses 60c each; \$6.00 per dozen, postpaid.

Crusader-Dark velvety crimson; blooms are big and double.

Columbia—Pink; flowers large; long stems. Etoile de France—Dark red; beautiful buds. Frau Karl Druschki—Pure white; arge (H. P.) flowers

Gorgeous-Deep orange; yellow veined with reddish

copper.

copper.

Gen. Sup. A. Janssen—Pink; beautiful buds.
Gen Jacqueminot—Brilliant Crimson (H. P.).
Gruss an Teplitz—Dark red; blooms in clusters
His Majesty—The crimson Frau Kar Druschki H. P.
Hoosier Beauty—Dark ve'vety; red buds on long

stems.

Hadley—Deep velvety crimson; well formed buds.
Jonkeer J. L. Mock—Shell pink; large double buds.
Kaiserin A. Victorie—White; beautiful buds.
La Detroit—Pretty double pink buds; beautiful fo-

liage.

Lady Ashtown—Rose, with yellow at base of petals.

Lady Battersea—Deep cherry crimson; buds full.

Madame Caroline Testout—Satiny pink; very popular.

Ophelia—Salmon flesh color; buds on long stems.

Perle von Godesburg—Large greenish white double buds.

Prince C. de Rohan (budded plants only)—Dark vel vety red (H. P.) Rhea Reid—Rich dark red; flowers large and double.

Sunburst—Brilliant orange; copper co or.

Wm. R. Smith—Flesh pink; beautiful buds.

Orleans—Dwarf baby rambler; rose pink; a mass

of blossoms all summer.

#### CLIMBING ROSES

These varieties bloom all summer. Same price as other roses. other roses.

Etoile de France—Dark red; beautiful buds.

Gruss an Teplitz—Dark red; flower in clusters.

Marie Guillot—A grand, pure white rose.

Madame Caroline Testout—Identical with the bush

Testout.

#### HEDGE PLANTS

				100
California Privet-18	to	$^{24}$	inches	8.00
Japan Barberry—12	to	15	inches	10.00

#### HARDY CLIMBING VINES

		Doz.
Virginia Creeper—2 year	.50	5.00
Clematis Jackmanni — 2 year, has		
large purple flowers	.75	7.50
Hall's Japan Honeysuckle-2 year	.50	5.00
Wisteria—Chinese blue, 3 year	.75	7.50

We offer five varieties of the best general purpose cannas grown. Price, each 15c; per doz. \$1.50.

Louisiana--Orchid-flowered; very large, vivid scarlet flowers.

California—Orange yellow.
Wyoming—Bright yellow; bronze foliage.
Beacon—Most beautiful bright red.
King Humbert—Large red; spotted wit

bronze foliage.

#### HARDY BORDER PLANTS

Daisies-Burbank Shasta; white 25c each; per doz.

\$2.50. Yucca Filamentosa—Waxie bell shaped flowers laterals forming a perfect pyramid three feet high;

large plants, 75c each.

Pampas Grass—Ornamental grass, easily grown, with pointed leaves and silvery white plumes; grows 6 to 8 feet high. Strong clumps, 75c each.

#### DUTCH FLOWERING BULBS

For pot culture in the house or for out-door planting. Hyacinths—Assorted color separate. Each 12c; Doz. \$1.25.

(Single)—in colors separate. Tulips---

doz. 65c.

Daffodils (Trumpet type Narcissi) — Bicolor Victor-

na. Each 10c; doz. \$1.10.

Narcissi (Paper White)—Grows well in water held up by rocks. Each 10c; doz. \$1.00.

#### EVERGREENS

Evergreens are dug with a ball of earth and then burlaped so as to hod the dirt firmiy around the roots. Well shaped trees, \$1.50 to \$3.00 each.

Irish Juniper, Golden Retinospora, Concolor fir, has blue needles; Norway Spruce.

#### HOLLYHOCKS

Grandma's garden was never complete unless it had those stately old Hollyhocks in the fence corner or by the gate. Double red, maroon, and yellow. Each 15c; per doz. \$1.50.

#### HARDY PERENNIAL PHLOX

Miss Lingard-Pearly white flower with faint pink eye.

Eclaereur—Clear, rosy magenta with lighter halo. Rynstrom—Silvery pink; excellent. Von Hochburg—Excellent large trusses; very dark crimson.

Mrs. Jenkins-The best tall early white,

.

#### CANNA LILIES FOR YOUR FLOWER BED

Try some this spring; they are very showy Cannas grow from 3 to 5 feet in height with massive leaves and produce heads of lily shaped flowers of various colors from July until frost. They give a tropical effect with their broad, green leaves. Some varieties have purple or bronz foliage.

#### QUALITY FLOWER SEEDS

#### Sound, Clean New Seed

- Flowers are enjoyed by everyone; are easily grown, and any home may have an abundance of blossoms, during the entire summer.
- Directions for sowing are printed on each packet. Seeds up to and including pound quantities are postpaid.
- Alyssum—Grows 4 to 5 inches high, producing little, white, sweet scented flowers. Fine for bordering flower beds. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c.
- Aster (Crego Giant)—With their long twisted in and out curved petals they resemble the choicest of Japanese Chrysanthemums, measuring four to five inches in diameter and borne on long stems; very suitable for cut flowers.

  White, pink, crimson and purple. Pkt. 10c.
- Ba'sam (Lady S.ipper)—Beautifu! bush-like growth of pyramidal form, every branch being clothed with the brilliant double flowers. Its culture is very easy. Double Camelia flowered. Mixed Pkt. 10c; oz 25c.
- Cosmos—Very well known and va'uable; b'ooming in the fall when other subjects are passing their best. They grow four to five feet, producing daisy-like flowers. The foliage is very pretty, rivalling the fern for decorative purposes. White, pink, crimson and mixed colors. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.
- Castor Bean (Ricinus)—A tall plant with tropical foliage from 5 to six feet. Has large bronze or glossy leaves. Should not be sown until after all danger of frost is past. Pkt. 10c.
- Candytuft—One of the best annuals for beds or masses. Very nice for cut flowers. Successive sowings should be made at intervals of three weeks when danger of frost is over. This will give you a continuous blooming of Candytuft until frost. The plants are about one foot in height. Empress White, Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c.
- Larkspur—Very popular and beautiful; sometimes known as Delphinium. They flower freely and gracefully, with compact flower heads which come in charming combination of colors. One to two feet. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c.
- Marigold—An old favorite; easy to grow Has double flowers. The predominating color is yellow, marked with brown and orange. Fern-like foliage. One foot. French Dwarf Double, Mixed. .Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c.
- Mignonette—Produces fine large spikes of blossoms during the cool months of late spring and fali, although will bloom all summer. But a second sowing really should be made in July or August to insure the best of blooms for the fall months. Sow where plants are to remain. Height about 12 inches. Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c.

asturtiums—Nasturtiums are hardy and easy to grow and everyone should plant some Nasturtiums. They are appropriate for window or porch boxes, growing and blooming in the greatest profusion even in the poorest garden soil. The colors are very striking and the plants bloom from early summer until frost.

Dwarf Mixed Pt. Nasturtiums—Nasturtiums

Dwarf Mixed—Pkt. 10; oz 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c. Tall Mixed—Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c.

- These are very desirable little flowers. They flower early and are excellent for cutting. Don't leave out the Pinks. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 50c. Pinks
- Petunia-Are very easi'y grown and free f'owering. Will succeed almost anywhere and bloom from June until frost Fine for porch and window boxes. Fine mixed colors. Pkt. 10c; 1-8 oz. 50c. boxes.
- Poppy (Shirley)—How charming the poppies are, with their silky petals and co.ors from the purest white to deepese blood-red.

  Mixed Pkt. 10c; 34 oz. 25c; oz. 75c.
- fowers; very rich in color. Seeds sown in spring will produce fine plants to bloom in summer. Should be planted in a cool moist place. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. \$1.00. Pansies (Oregon Giant) - Very large well formed

#### SWEET PEAS

- Standard Spencer Varieties-These are no doubt the best type of Sweet Peas in cultivation. They are much larger than the old-fashion kind.
- King White—The best pure white. Stems are long, bearing almost uniformly fours; peta's are immense and of the finest type. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c.
- ing Edward—The best pure red Spencer. Large and open form with immense wings, deeply frilled. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c.
- Flora Norton—One of the best light blue Spencers. Flowers are large. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c.
- Spencer Mixed—All varieties. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 75c; one lb. \$2.50.
- Verbena—A very popular old flower They are low-growing or rather creeping plants, blooming very abundantly. Admirable for beds, hanging baskets, or window boxes. Their colors are very brilliant. 8 to 12 inches. Mammoth Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c.
- Zinnia—No doubt one of the most beautiful garden flowers we have, and they stand in a class by themselves. They form compact bushes that are covered with large flowers all summer and fall. Very easily grown. 2 feet. Pkt. 10c.
- All flower seeds up to and including pound quantities are postpaid.

#### YOUNG GARDEN PLANTS

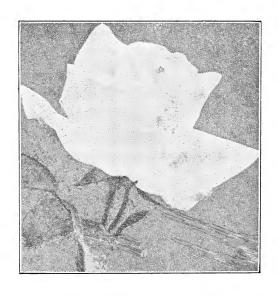
Transplanted-(Postage Paid)	
Doz.	100
Cabbage—Early Wakefield	1.00
Large Late Drumhead	1.00
Tomatoes-Sparks' Earliana	1.00
New Stone (late)	1.00
Pepper—Ruby King (large)	1.25
Celery-White Plume	1.00
Sweet Potatoes (not transplanted-	
Early Jersey	1.50

Giant Pansies—These have beautiful shades and color combinations. The flowers are large and the plants are deep rooted and withstand drought exceptional well. They should be planted in a shady place. Delivery about May 1. Doz. 60c; per 100 \$4.00.

Aster Plants (Crego Giant)—Largest and most beautiful of all the Comet Asters. The flowers are of immense size, grown on long stems. Fine for cut Delivery about May 1. Doz. 40c; per flowers. 100 \$2.50.

- Try planting these four beautiful shrubs in an unsightly place, in a back yard, fence corner, or along the side of your yard. Plant 5 feet apart if planted in a clump, using Golden Elder in background and Snowberry in foreground.

  1 Golden Elder—Golden leaves all summer. Flowers white. Grows naturally 10 to 12 feet.
  1 Deutzia, Pride of Rochester—Upright grower; chocolate brown wood covered with double white flowers in May. Grows 8 to 10 feet.
  1 Syringa, Mock Orange—Large fragrant white flowers in May; grows 8 to 10 feet in height.
  1 Snowberry—Grows 4 to 5 feet high. Produces pink flowers in June and July, followed by large white berries, which last far into winter. Sprays of Snowberry (with berries) in a vase of water make a choice table decoration in winter when flowers are scarce.



PROSSER PRINTING CO., PROSSER, WASHINGTON